Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Center for HIV, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention



NCHHSTP Update

CDC/HRSA Advisory Committee on HIV, Viral Hepatitis, and STD Prevention and Treatment

November 1, 2022

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NCHHSTP Strategic Plan 2022-2026







www.cdc.gov/nchhstp/strategicpriorities

Vision: A future free of HIV, viral hepatitis, STIs, and tuberculosis

Mission: Prevent infections, morbidity, mortality, health inequities, and stigma associated with HIV, viral hepatitis, STIs, and tuberculosis in the United States

Core Values:

- Excellence
- Equity
- Diversity, Inclusion, Accessibility, and Belonging
- Integrity
- Transparency

Overarching Goals

- 1. Reduce Incidence of HIV, Viral Hepatitis, STIs, and TB
- 2. Reduce Morbidity and Mortality of HIV, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Infections
- 3. Reduce Disparities and Promote Health Equity
- 4. Achieve Organizational Excellence

CDC Moving Forward

In April 2022, the CDC Director launched a review of the agency:

- Scientific and Programmatic Review
- Structural Review

CDC Moving Forward launched August 17, 2022 includes four inter-related efforts aimed to better position CDC to achieve its vision:

- Implement changes to improve how CDC develops and delivers its data and science during public health responses, as well as normal operations
- Stand up new internal systems, processes, and governance within the agency to improve accountability, collaboration, communication, and timeliness within CDC and with its customers, at all levels of the organization
- Reorganize the agency to breakdown silos, elevate core capabilities, and better leverage resources
- Articulate new programs, authorities, and flexibilities that will better position CDC and public health for future response activities



Public Health Workforce Development:

CDC's CSELS OE22-2203: Strengthening U.S. Public Health Infrastructure, Workforce, and Data Systems

CDC's CSELS OE22-2203¹ grant will provide funding to improve critical public health infrastructure needs and is supported in part by the American Rescue Plan Act².

The cornerstone of this work will be demonstrating and improving the health department's ability to advance health equity and address health disparities for populations at higher risk and in medically underserved communities.

This program aims to:

- 1. Address the historic underinvestment in communities that are economically or socially marginalized, rural communities, and communities with people from racial and ethnic minority groups
- 2. Provide cross-cutting support to public health agencies for critical infrastructure needs related to workforce, foundational capabilities, and modernizing public health data systems
- 3. Provide funding to national public health partners to support this work

^{1.} https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/view-opportunity.html?oppld=340034

^{2.} https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/statements-releases/2021/05/13/fact-sheet-biden-harris-administration-to-invest-7-billion-from-american-rescue-plan-to-hire-and-train-public-health-workers-in-response-to-covid-19/



Division of HIV Prevention

CDC Programmatic EHE Updates

100,000 free HIV self-test kits

250,000 HIV tests & 1,000 people newly diagnosed

More than 18,000 PrEP prescriptions

108 SSPs with ~50% being mobile

Over 200 clusters detected

Ending the HIV Epidemic

New Releases



Data Releases

2020 Surveillance Report

2020 Monitoring Report

Medical Monitoring Project Report 2020 Cycle (June 2020–May 2021)

HIV Surveillance Data Tables (preliminary data)



Communication Products

Status Neutral Issue Brief

HIV and Transgender Communities Issue Brief

HIV Self-Testing Issue Brief

#Sheswell campaign

HIV Prevention in the United States: Mobilizing to End the Epidemic

https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/library/reports/hiv-surveillance/vol-33/index.html https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/library/reports/hiv-surveillance/vol-27-no-3/index.html https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/library/reports/hiv-surveillance-special-reports/no-29/index.html https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/library/reports/surveillance-data-tables/vol-3-no-3/index.html

https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/policies/data/index.html https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/policies/strategic-priorities/mobilizing/index.html https://www.cdc.gov/stophivtogether/sheiswell/index.html

Funding Awarded

- Transgender Status-Neutral Community-to-Clinic Models
- Mass Mailing of HIV Self-Tests
- Enhanced Surveillance of Persons with Early and Late HIV Diagnosis
- Integrated HIV Programs for Health Departments to Support Ending the HIV Epidemic in the United States

https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/funding/index.html

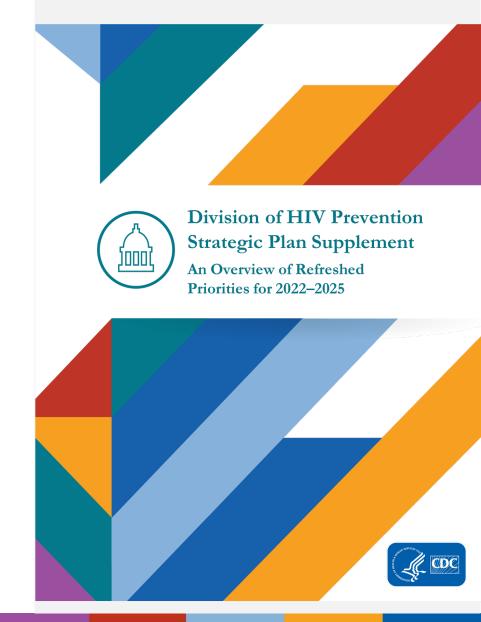
2022-2025 Strategic Plan Supplement

DHP's existing 2017-2020 Strategic Plan remains valid and outlines strategies and indicators that guide division activities.

To build on the existing Strategic Plan, DHP developed a supplement with refreshed priorities for 2022-2025.

The 2022-2025 Strategic Plan Supplement:

- Serves as a <u>companion document</u> to the 2017-2020 Strategic Plan
- Incorporates the 2022-2025 <u>National HIV/AIDS</u>
 <u>Strategy</u>
- Integrates the <u>Ending the HIV Epidemic in the US</u>
 <u>Initiative Pillars</u>
- Aligns with the new <u>DHP organizational structure</u>



Cross-Cutting Focus Areas to Reach HIV Prevention



The impact of racism, homophobia, transphobia, and stigma significantly exacerbates the health disparities experienced within the communities that DHP serves. DHP is committed to making health equity central to its efforts so that all people can benefit from available HIV prevention and care resources.



Status Neutral Approach

DHP's goal of "No New HIV Infections" requires a bold and comprehensive delivery method for HIV prevention and care. Adopting a status-neutral and "whole person" approach to people in need of prevention and care services can address these similar needs, along with HIV-related stigma.



Community Engagement

DHP recognizes that there is an opportunity to expand how it engages with communities and to increase the number and diversity of partnerships. A comprehensive approach to community engagement and different types of partnerships can expand prevention efforts and provide more rapid and directed care to reach people who can most benefit.



Syndemic Approach

Syndemics are epidemics — of diseases or health conditions such as viral hepatitis, STIs, drug use and mental health— that interact with each other and by that interaction increase their adverse effects on the health of communities that face systematic, structural, and other inequities. Collectively addressing these intersecting conditions and SDOHs can result in better HIV prevention and care outcomes by prioritizing the whole person.

Investment Areas Promote Equity, Engagement, and the Syndemic Approach

Strengthening DHP's Workforce and Organizational Capacity

Enhancing Implementation Guidance and Technical Assistance

Integrating Data and Data Systems

Expanding Access to and Use of DHP Funding

Advancing Partnerships and Increasing Collaboration

Supporting Partner and Recipient Communication Efforts

Health Equity



Community Engagement



Cross-Cutting Focus Areas

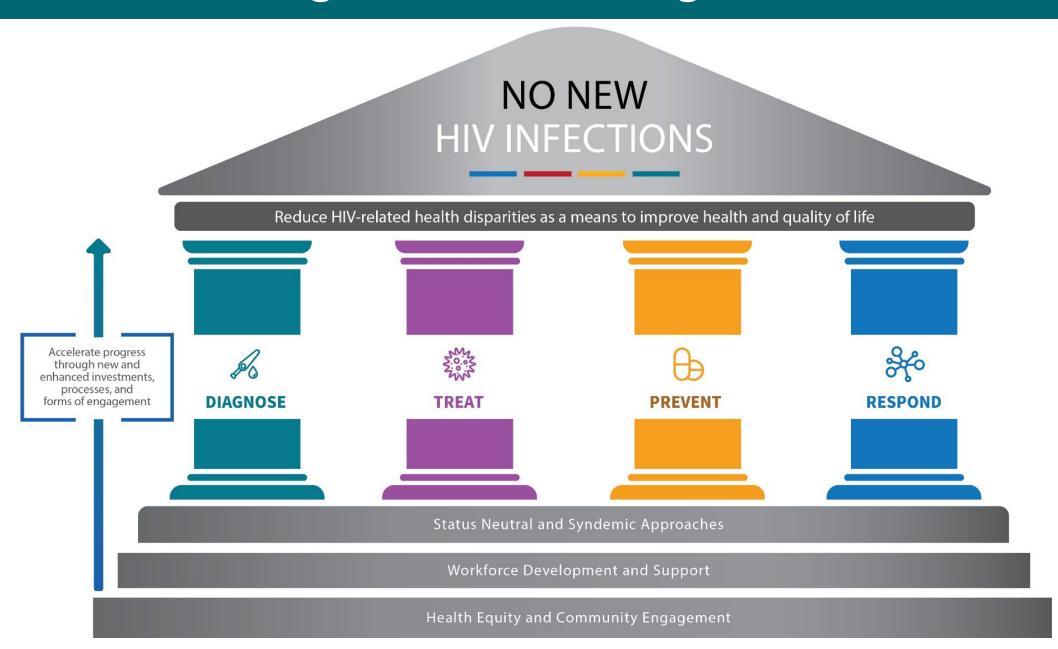
Syndemic Approaches



Status-Neutral Approaches



The Strategic Framework Integrates EHE Pillars



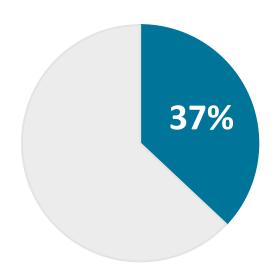


Division of Adolescent and School Health

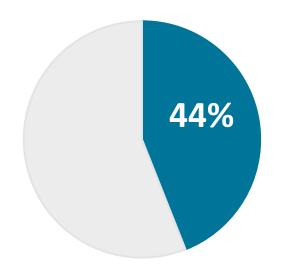


Adolescents Are Experiencing a Mental Health Crisis

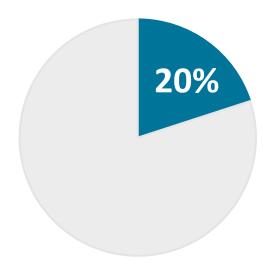
More than 1 in 3 had **poor** mental health during the pandemic



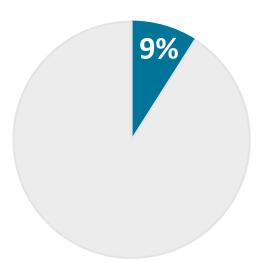
Nearly half **felt persistently sad or hopeless** in the past year



Two in ten **seriously considered suicide** in the
past year

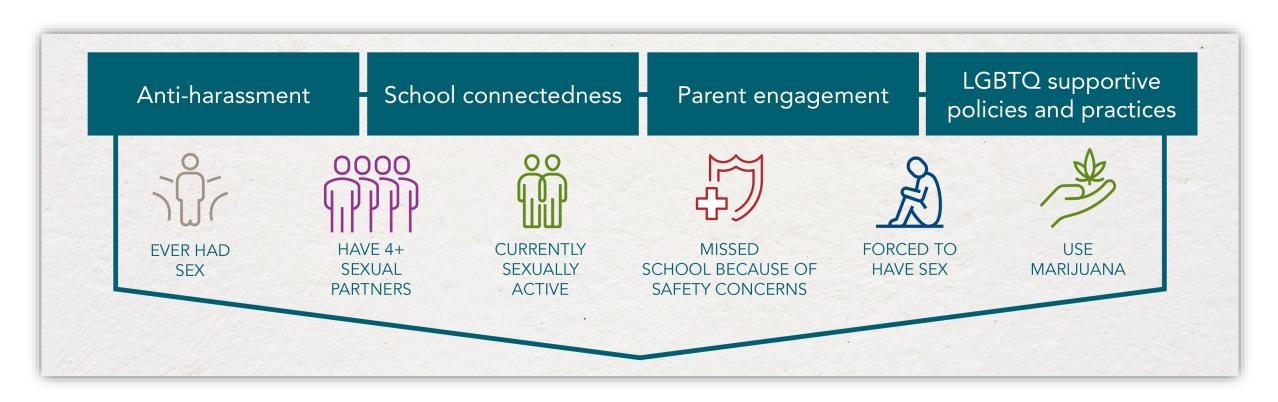


Nearly 1 in 10 attempted suicide in the past year



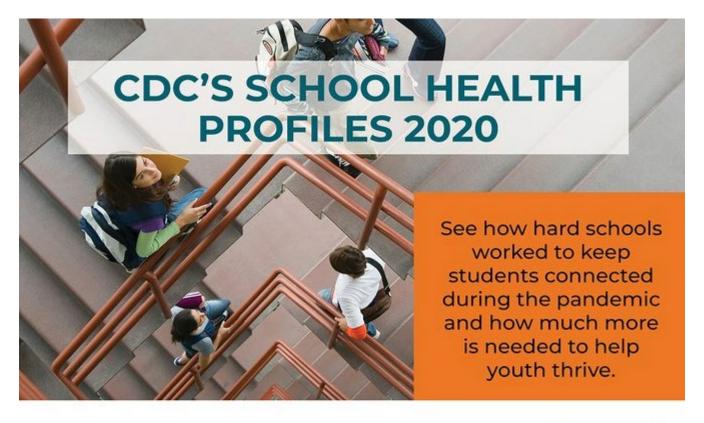
Adolescent Behaviors and Experiences Survey, 2021

Safe and Supportive Environments Positively Impact Adolescent Behaviors and Experiences



More activity = greater impact

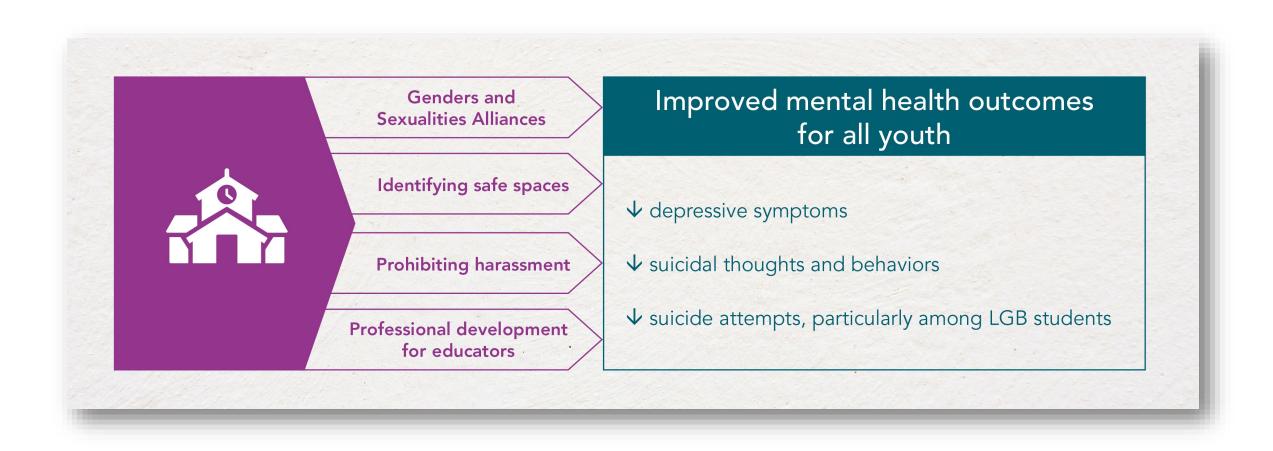
New Data Out Now: School Health Profiles 2020



cdc.gov/healthyyouth/profiles



LGBTQ-Supportive School Policies and Practices Protect All Youth



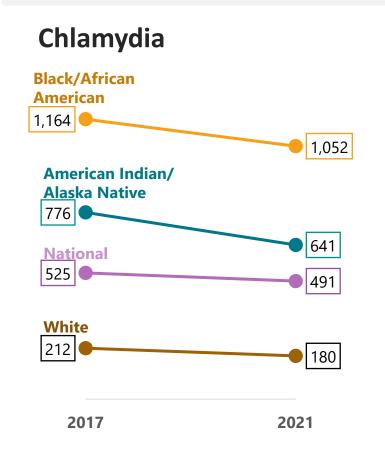


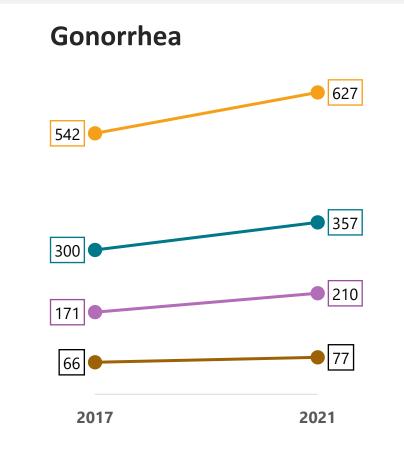
Division of STD Prevention

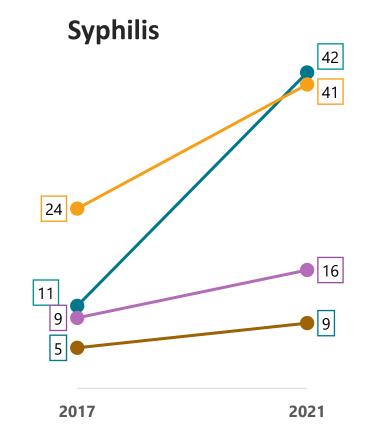
STIs Increased Again in 2021 with Continued Disparities Among Blacks/African Americans and American Indians/Alaska Natives

STI Rates by Race and Ethnicity

Rate Per 100,000







https://www.cdc.gov/std/statistics/2021/default.htm

DSTDP Strategic Plan 2022-2026

- 1 Prevent New STIs
- 2 Improve the health of people by reducing adverse outcomes of STIs
- 3 Accelerate Progress in STI Research, Prevention, and Technology
- 4 Reduce STI-related health disparities and health inequities
- 5 Achieve integrated and coordinated efforts to address the STI epidemic
- 6 Enhance and support an effective internal workforce

Moving the Needle on Identifying STI Research Priority Areas

External STI Research Agenda Meeting: 4 Identified Areas



Understand PoC test: dissemination, impact & outcomes, integration into existing care, surveillance impact, and cost implications 2

Better understand the etiology of STI syndromes, and screening/treatment options/outcomes

3

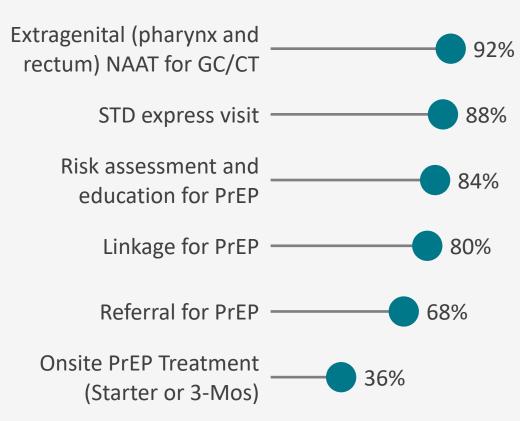
Improve understanding of the outcomes and impact at the individual and population level for STI screening



Development of STI vaccines

Scaling Up HIV Prevention Services in 26 STD Specialty Clinics in 16 States

Percentage of STD Clinics Providing HIV-related Services



HIV Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP)

29,197

Persons screened for PrEP

15,470

Persons eligible

1,824

Persons prescribed PrEP

Reporting Period July – December 2021

Investing \$9 Million in Funding Innovations for STI Testing & Service Delivery



Consideration of Potential Doxy-PEP Interim Guidance

Efficacy data applies to gay and bisexual men and transgender women

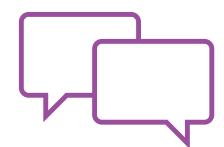


Doxycycline 200 mg administered within 24-72 hours of condomless sex was the regimen evaluated in the NIH-funded study

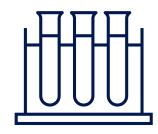
Other antibiotics should not be considered for PEP.



Inform patients
about the potential
STI prevention
benefits of doxy-PEP
& counsel patients
about potential
adverse side effects



Continue to screen, test, and treat for bacterial STIs among people who may be using doxycycline as PEP or PrEP





Division of Viral Hepatitis

New Data Released in 2020 Viral Hepatitis Surveillance Report and Viral Hepatitis National Progress Report, 2022



Hepatitis A Cases Decreased during 2020 After annual increases during 2015-2018, hepatitis

A cases decreased 47%

from 2019 through 2020.

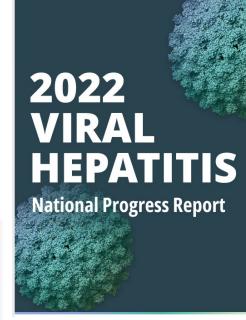
Acute Hepatitis B Cases Abruptly Decreased during

After a decade of stable rates, the rate of acute hepatitis B abruptly decreased by 32% after



Acute Hepatitis C Cases Increased during 2020

The incidence rate of acute hepatitis C has doubled since 2013 (124% increase) and during 2020 increased 15% from 2019.





Hepatitis A

During 2020, 49 states and the District of Columbia reported 9,952 hepatitis A cases corresponding to 19,900 estimated infections.



Hepatitis B

During 2020, 44 states reported 2,157 acute hepatitis B cases corresponding to an estimated 14,000 infections and 39 states reported a total of 11,635 newly identified chronic hepatitis cases.



reported a total of 4,798 acute hepatitis C cases, corresponding to 66,700 estimated infections, and 41 states reported a total of 107,300 newly identified chronic hepatitis C cases.



During 2020, 44 states



Persons aged 18-40 years were used as a proxy for persons who inject drugs

among non-Hispanic Black persons by ≥30%

Reduce estimated[†] new hepatitis A virus infections

Reduce estimated[†] new hepatitis B virus infections

Reduce reported rate of new hepatitis B virus

nfections among persons who inject drugs by

Reduce reported rate of hepatitis B-related deaths

Reduce reported rate of hepatitis B-related deaths

among Asian and Pacific Islander persons by ≥25%

Reduce estimated new hepatitis C virus infections

Reduce reported rate of new hepatitis C virus

infections among persons who inject drugs by

Reduce reported rate[†] of hepatitis C-related deaths

Reduce reported rate of hepatitis C-related deaths

among American Indian and Alaska Native persons

Reduce reported rate[†] of hepatitis C-related deaths

by ≥20%

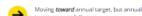
Hepatitis C

by ≥20%

by ≥20%

by ≥30%





The number of estimated viral hepatitis infections was determined by multiplying the number of reported cases by a factor that adjusted for underascertainment and



2020 Observed 2025 Goal

2023 data year

4.000

18,000

1.0

0.37

1.84

35,000

1.7

3.00

7.17

4.92

(Annual Target*)

19.900 (5.350)

14,000

(20, 100)

0.7

(1.2)

0.45

(0.42)

2.46

(2.15)

66,700

(39.850)

2.9

(2.0)

3.45

(3.57)

10.17

(8.71)

5.63

6.700

22,200

1.4

0.46

2.45

44,700

2.3

4.13

10.24

7.03

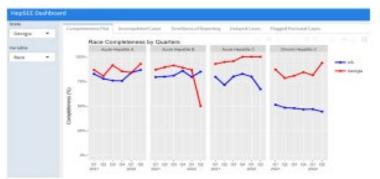
Innual target was not met and has not

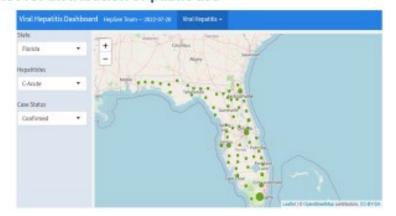
HepSEE Dashboard for Health Departments monitors, analyzes, and disseminates viral hepatitis data

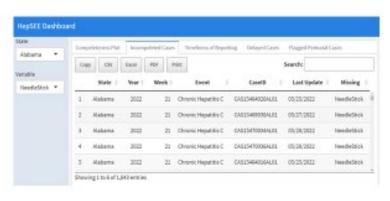
Dashboard Prototype

For internal use only; not for distribution or public use









CDC Launches First Program Dedicated to Supporting Syringe Services Programs (SSPs)

Strengthening Syringe Services Programs (CDC-RFA-PS22-2208) awarded September 2022 for 5 years

Aims



Increase access to harm reduction services for people who use drugs





Prevent hepatitis C, hepatitis B, HIV, and other infectious diseases and complications associated with injection drug use

Component 1: RTI International



Support a national network of SSPs and oversee implementation and use of an annual national survey of SSPs

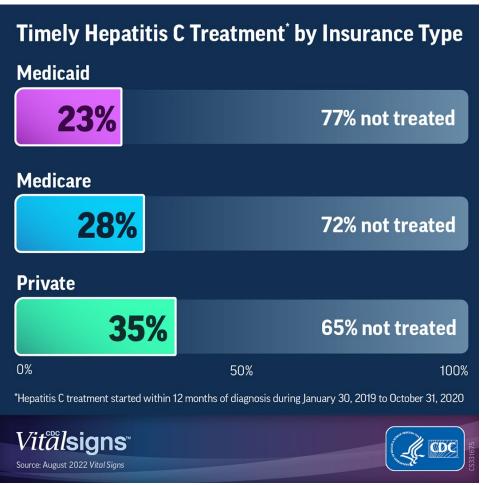


Component 2: NASTAD

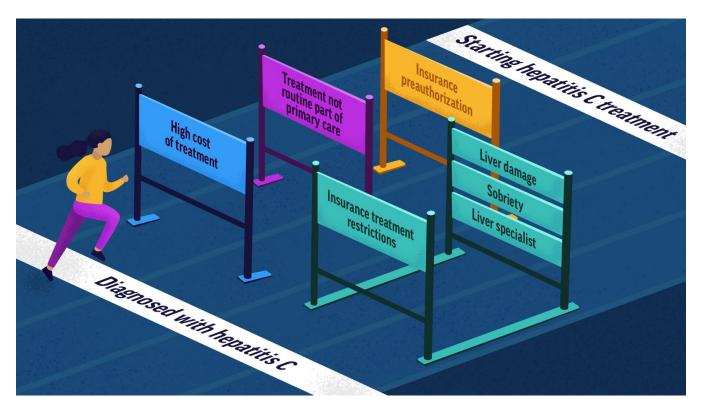
Strengthen implementation of SSPs in the United States, territories and affiliated states, and tribal nations

Too Few People Treated for Hepatitis C (MMWR, August 2022) Reducing Barriers Can Increase Treatment and Save Lives

Very Few People with Hepatitis C and Insurance Receive Treatment



People with Hepatitis C Face Multiple Barriers to Receiving Treatment



www.cdc.gov/vitalsigns/hepc-treatment 29



Division of TB Elimination

Think. Test. Treat TB

- First national communications campaign to increase testing for latent tuberculosis infection
- Partner engagement
 - National, state, and local TB partners
 - Community-based organizations and clinics
 - Professional healthcare provider organizations
- Over 55,000 visits to *Think. Test. Treat TB* website
- Over 35,000 materials shipped to 44 states, D.C., and 4 territories



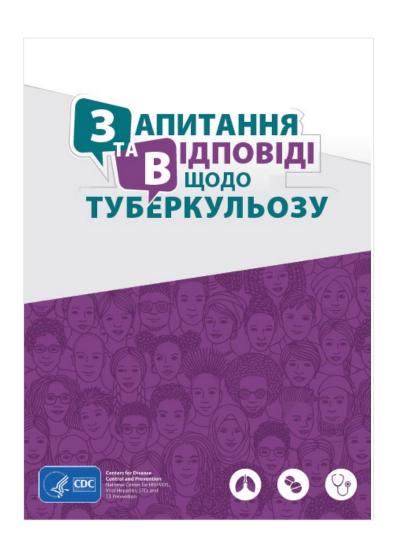


Uniting for Ukraine



- Supplemental appropriations (Public Law 117-128)
 - Nearly \$8 million awarded
 - Total amount of supplemental funds available is \$29 million
- Tuberculosis Requirement
 - IGRA and any subsequent TB examinations within 90 days of entry to the US

Health Department Toolkits



Toolkit for Health Departments

- Patient education resources in Ukrainian and Russian
- Links to Uniting for Ukraine resources from key partners
- Information for TB programs, arrivals and sponsors
- Communications and Outreach Support

Thank you!

For more information, contact: Advisory Committee Management Team nchhstppolicy@cdc.gov

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

