

Project HEALTH (Housing and **Employment Access Lead to Health)**

Project Staff

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Key Innovation

Record to track changes over time.

Widgets - Housing, Employment, and Income

widgets created within GMHC's Electronic Health

URICA Tool - Modified URICA tool used to

Seamless Evaluation – Program

activities to increase study retention.

Preliminary

Outcomes

assess Housing & Employment stages of change.

evaluation was integrated into regular program

Angelo Trinidad Jennay Thompson

LEAD AGENCY: GAY MEN'S HEALTH CRISIS (GMHC)

Introduction

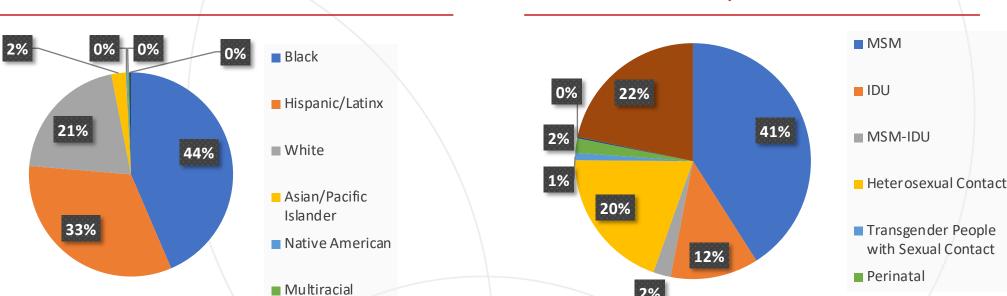
Geographic Landscape

Brief description of local HIV epidemic

New York City is an urban area with a high seroprevalence in neighborhoods including Jackson Heights and Jamaica in Queens, the South Bronx, and Brownsville in Brooklyn.

HIV Prevalence by Risk

HIV Prevalence by Race/Ethnicity



80%

1.5%

4.3%

Viral suppression

homeless or unstably housed

unemployed or underemployed

The Challenge

Despite comprising only half of NYC's population, African American and Hispanic people accounted for 78% of new HIV diagnoses in 2015. African American and Hispanic PLWH consistently fare poorly across the HIV care continuum; only 70% of African American PLWH accessed HIV care in the past year, 57% accessed continuous care, and only 55% were virally-suppressed. GMHC does not provide medical care, therefore, connecting client to medical care and ensuring continuity of care can be difficult. GMHC has an extensive referral network and care coordination on site to help clients achieve and maintain viral suppression.

Key Partnerships



Mount Sinai Health System





FEDCAP

Callen-Lorde Community **Health Center**

The Fortune

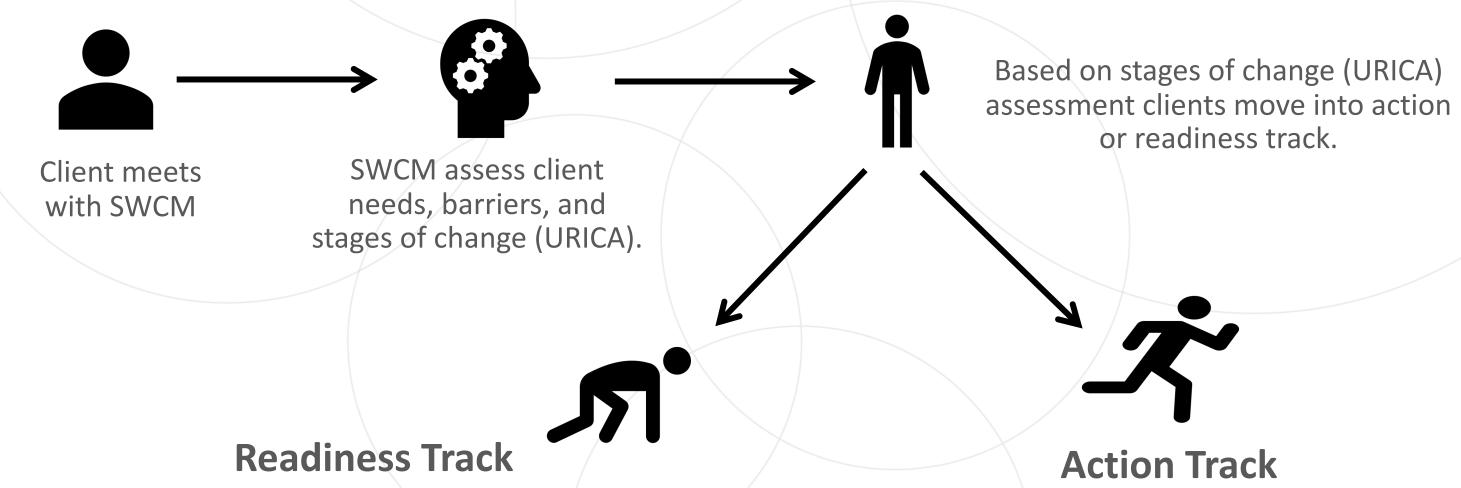
Society

Fedcap

Focus population

GMHC will serve African American and Hispanic PLWH in NYC; these communities consistently experience disproportionate rates of poverty, homelessness, unemployment, and AIDS compared to the general population.

The Program Model



- Program orientation
- Individual Supportive Counseling
- Referrals to coordinated medical, legal, and social services
- **Readiness Support Groups**

Lessons Learned

1. Seamless evaluation

Peer Support Model – *The Courage Cohort*

- Transitional Benefits Counseling
- Linkage to housing, employment, and supportive services
- Housing & Employment Retention Support Groups
- Psychoeducational Groups
- Peer Support Model *The Courage Cohort*

Individual level



19 Housed



17 Employed



5 Housed AND Employed

System level

Action Track Curriculum Completed

Readiness Track Curriculum Completed

requires constant communication between evaluation staff and program staff to ensure that client are surveyed on time and medical data is gathered.

2. Client's number one priority is housing, however, there is not enough affordable housing in NYC. Furthermore, clients will only consider housing within a certain geographic area with specific accommodations such as doormen, laundry,

3. Client's prefer one-on-one time with staff compared to group sessions. Group sessions are a voluntary component of the program, therefore, many clients choose not to attend.

4. Gathering medical data proves difficult because larger medical institutions do not want to honor HIPAA releases. Patient portals has been an effective method of gathering chart information, however, clients often forget their passwords or do not understand how to maneuver or set up their accounts.

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